

# **IRCAM Spat**

FLUX:: Immersive

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# 1 IRCAM Spat



# SPAT

Multiformat Room Acoustic Simulation & Localization Processor





## 1.1 Introduction

The Spat is a very powerful tool for spatialization. It can handle both aspects of spatialization (source localization and room acoustic simulation) in a very homogeneous and coherent way. A set of sources (up to eight in this plug-in, may be linked in stereo pairs) are localized in a 3D space (in the Source control tab). Each of these source is connected to a room (also called reverb).

Up to 3 rooms are available in parallel, in order to simulate complex spaces (coupled room acoustics...).

## 1.2 Perceptual factors Vs. Acoustical criteria

In both sources edition and reverb edition, controls are available as a set of “perceptual factors”. Each of these parameters corresponds to a real-world criterion that actually has proper significance in terms of hearing perception, and not some obscure algorithm-specific parameter translating more-or-less to some kind of aesthetic interpretation. This is a feature unique to the Spat, which is the result of substantial research and development work at IRCAM and Flux, providing a relationship between these parameters and the plug-in internal parameters. Internally, the plug-in perceptual mapper translates the GUI parameters into a much larger set of parameters required for the actual reverb engine computations.

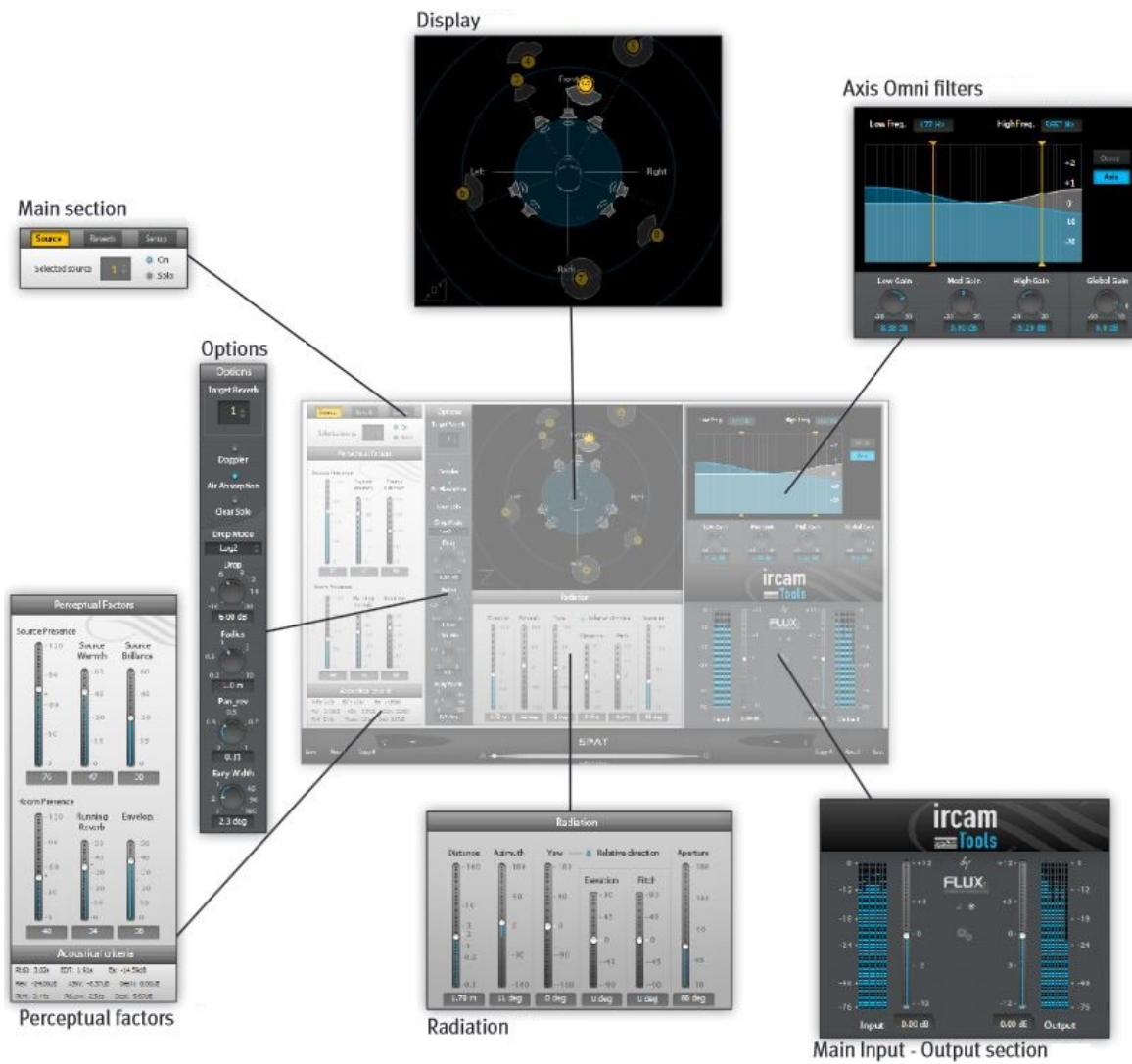
This way the complexities of the reverb algorithm internals are hidden from the user so one can make predictable and guided adjustments, instead of having to resort to a “poke in the dark” approach, adjusting settings at semi-random trying to find some “magical” combination of parameters to obtain the desired result.

In parallel, a display is detailing the “acoustical criteria”, these parameters are more familiar for those who are well acquainted with acoustics, and here instead will find the more commonly used terms.

# **Part I**

## **Sources**

# SOURCES



## 2 Main Section



The source tab is where sources parameters are set and visualized. In essence, input channels are actually fed to one or several virtual sources that are placed inside a virtual 3D acoustic space. The user can precisely control the location of the sources in the virtual acoustic space, and adjust a number of parameters separately for each source.

### Note

Note: a variation of this sub-panel is displayed when viewing the reverb tab.

### 2.1 (1) Source

Activates the source tab, where source localization, perceptual and acoustical parameters are set.

### 2.2 (2) Reverb

Activates the reverb tab, where the reverberation characteristics of the simulated acoustic space are adjusted.

### 2.3 (3) Setup

Activates the setup tab, where input, source and output mappings are determined.

## 2.4 (4) Selected Source

Selects the source currently active for editing, which is highlighted accordingly in the visual space representation. Each source has its own set of parameters which is completely independent of others, while sharing the same reverberation engine(s) that depict the acoustic response of the simulated space these sources are placed into.

### Note

Note: The number of sources and mapping thereof is handled in the Setup tab.

## 2.5 (5) Source On

Toggles the source on and off in the global output mix. Used in conjunction with the solo button below, this allows to switch rapidly between listening to each source in isolation, for precise adjustments or tweaking settings, and listening to all sources simultaneously, which is essential to getting a good balance between the various sources and achieve a coherent mix.

## 2.6 (6) Source Solo

Isolates the currently active source, effectively muting all other sources.

### 3 Display



This sub-panel displays a to-scale representation of the sources and speakers spatial localization settings, projected onto a 2D flat space.

Assessing the location of a point is easy with the aid of the circular “grid” scale drawn onto the background as a guide, using a polar coordinate system.

The spherical coordinate system used here requires the following three parameters to describe the position of a point in 3D-space, relative to the listener:

- Distance to the center reference point, expressed in meters on a logarithmic scale
- Azimuth, or the angle with respect to a vertical line (zero is in front), in degrees.
- Elevation, in degrees.

Also, the source orientation is available as yaw and pitch.

Zooming in and out of the display is achieved using the scroll wheel present on most available mice.

Note that when the current source is not at abase plane (z-axis), a little display appears on the right, explaining this z-elevation for this 2D view context.

### **3.1 (7) Source**

A source represented by a yellow disk with its corresponding number. Clicking on this disk makes this source active and highlighted, allowing it to be moved and edited.

Alt-clicking (MacOS: Alt/option key) and dragging on the yellow source disk changes its aperture (See 21)

Ctrl-clicking (MacOS: Apple/command key) and dragging on the yellow source disk changes its yaw (See 20)

When two sources are associated in a stereo pair, this yellow disc is surrounded by a yellow circle.

### **3.2 (8) Aperture**

Represents spatial width and direction of the source signal part, which determines the preferred directivity. See 25.

### **3.3 (9) Speaker**

Speaker location and direction. Each speaker can individually be moved by clicking and dragging, and reset to its default position with a right click.

Speakers can also be hidden by right-clicking anywhere in an empty space.

Please note the number and characteristics speakers are respectively adjusted in the Setup sub-menu and tab

### **3.4 (10) Radius**

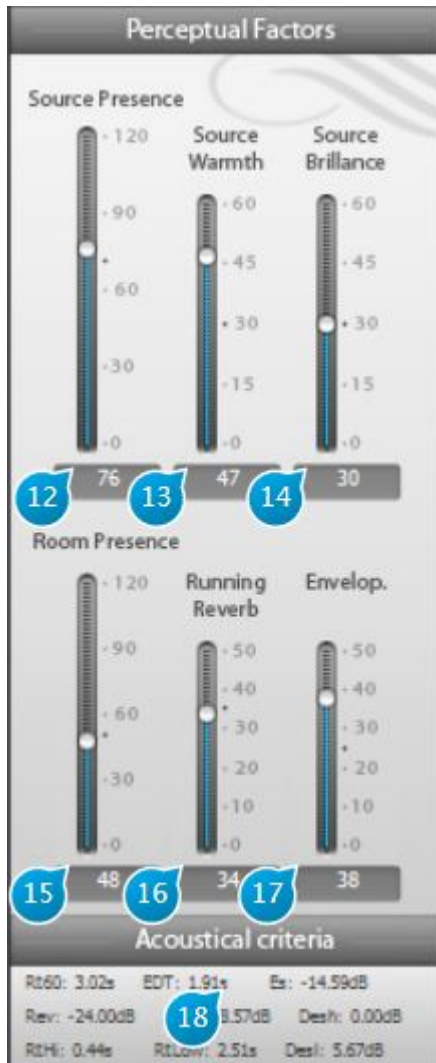
Represents the the no-drop zone (See 40, Drop) as a transparent blue disk of corresponding radius.

### **3.5 (11) Full Size Display**

Toggles between standard display as a sub-panel and a full-size display, which is more convenient when very precise settings are need, or when doing intensive source localization automation for example.



## 4 Perceptual Factors



This parameter group holds settings affecting the way the reverb sound is perceived by the listener. As explained previously, these are not simply names stuck onto any internal parameter dictated by the inner workings of the algorithm.

Instead, a true perceptually-oriented approach was used in the design of the plugin, where a test panel of listeners was presented with a test-set of sounds, constructed from several different variations of the reverb engine inner parameters. The listeners were then asked to rate each set onto a few different scales with perceptually and aesthetically meaningful names. Using principal components analysis (PCA) and optimization techniques, we then built an algorithm which reverses the process and automatically maps a given set of perceptual factor values to the many internal reverb engine parameters.

As a general guideline, we encourage you to learn the meaning of these parameters by carefully listening to the audible variations when adjusting them. We do provide a short explanation of each of them below, but training your ears is really the best way to be able to use these in context.

## **4.1 (12) Source Presence**

Source presence refers to the prominence of the direct sound with respect to the reverberated sound. It is not just equivalent to a dry/wet ratio, and is influenced by other settings such as distance, radius and drop-factor.

## **4.2 (13) Source Warmth**

Presence of the low frequency content part of the source.

## **4.3 (14) Source Brilliance**

Presence of the high frequency content part of the source.

## **4.4 (15) Room Presence**

Prominence of the reverberation with respect to the source, or in other words, how much the room sound dominates the overall sound.

## 4.5 (16) Running Reverb

This parameter controls the amount of perceived reverb when feeding a continuous music message, where the overall sound is a tight blend of the dry and wet signals and the reverb part cannot be mentally separated. It is linked to the early reflections decay time.

### Note

Note: this setting is distinct from ‘reverberance’ in the reverb tab.

## 4.6 (17) Envelop.

Envelopment corresponds to the the perceived notion of how much the listener feels being surrounded by the ambient sound. In a multichannel configuration, one could describe this as the feeling of being wrapped inside the imaginary “sound sphere” that the listener pictures in his mind. It can also be described as the energy of the early room effect with respect to direct sound.

## 4.7 (18) Accoustical Criteria

This sub-panel displays the acoustical parameter values associated with the current settings. They are provided for the more technically inclined users who already know how they can make use of them; you can safely ignore them otherwise.

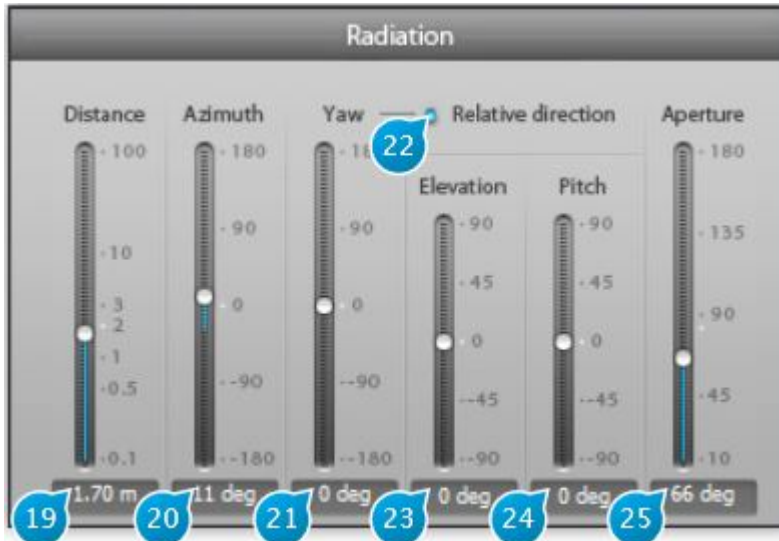
### Note

Please note this is an indicative feature only, as these settings can not directly be changed here.

- RT60 (Reverberation Time, in seconds): measure of reverberation decay time, namely the time taken by the reverb to drop below -60dB of attenuation.
- EDT (Early Decay Time, in seconds): time to decay to -60dB, derived from a linear fit of the decay curve between 0 and -10dB. It explains the very early evolution of a reverberation
- Es (dB): Early sound : power of direct sound and early room effect
- Rev (dB): Late sound : power of later reverberation
- ASW (Apparent Source Width, in dB).
- Desh (dB): Relative early sound at high frequencies
- RtHi (dB): Same as RT60, but in high frequency.
- RtLow (dB) Same as RT60, but in low frequency.

- Desl (dB):

## 5 Radiations



### 5.1 (19) Distance

Distance from the source to the center reference point (listener position), in meters.

### 5.2 (20) Azimuth

Angle between the source location and the listener-front reference axis, in degrees.

### 5.3 (21) Yaw

Angle of the source direction orientation relative to the listener-source axis, in degrees.

## 5.4 (22) Relative direction

When engaged, the source movement done with the mouse in the display are done in a way that the source always keep the same source-listener orientation.

If not, the source direction is constant.

## 5.5 (23) Elevation

Elevation angle, in degrees.

### **i** Note

Please note that when the source is not located onto the base horizontal plane, at listener ear level ( $z = 0$ ), a small gauge is displayed on the right edge of the preview, which gives the distance of the source to listener projected onto the Z axis, for easier handling of elevation.

## 5.6 (24) Pitch

Source direction orientation pitch angle, in degrees.

### **i** Note

Please pay attention to the fact that the graphic preview cannot not display pitch movements because of the 2D projection constraints.

## 5.7 (25) Aperture

The aperture parameter relates to the “sound cone” projected by the virtual source in the acoustic space, and is measured in degrees. It determines whether the source will be very directive (small aperture), or omnidirectional (large aperture) inside the reverberant environment. You can use this parameter to simulate the how a source will interact with its acoustical environment.

Each source has a set of two three-band equalizers associated with it, as described below.

## 6 Axis Omni Filters



### 6.1 (26) Omni

Toggles the equalizer associated with the omnidirectional part of the sound radiated by the virtual source. This equalizer mimics the global frequency-response of the source, just as a loudspeaker colors the sound.

### 6.2 (27) Axis

Toggles the equalizer associated with the on-axis part of the sound radiated by the virtual source.

Most, if not all commercially available loudspeakers do exhibit a radically different frequency response whether you're listening right in front or on the sides. Setting a rather flat on-axis

equalizer curve, and maybe cutting the treble and mids for the omni response would be a good starting point to emulate a real-world speaker.

### **6.3 (28) Low Freq.**

Low-pass filter frequency cutoff of the currently selected equalizer. Value can be quickly adjusted using the mouse by clicking and holding the value box or the vertical bar on the graphical frequency-response display, or exactly by clicking the value box and entering a value with the keyboard.

### **6.4 (29) High Freq.**

High-pass filter frequency cutoff of the currently selected equalizer.

### **6.5 (30) Axis - Omni Curves**

Actual frequency response curve of the currently selected equalizer, expressed in dB (deciBel). Click and drag one of the three square points with your mouse to quickly change the gain of the corresponding band, or one of the two vertical bars to adjust the transition frequencies of the bands.

### **6.6 (31) Low Gain**

Gain applied to the low frequency band of the currently selected equalizer.

### **6.7 (32) Med Gain**

Gain applied to the medium frequency band of the currently selected equalizer.

### **6.8 (33) High Gain**

Gain applied to the high frequency band of the currently selected equalizer.



## 6.9 (34) Global Gain

Overall gain applied to the currently selected equalizer.

## 7 Options



## 7.1 (35) Target Reverb

Drop-down menu indicating the currently selected reverb engine. Clicking this menu allows you to choose between the three available engines, each one having its one independent set of parameters. For example, you could combine two or three reverbs in order to simulate a complex room architecture, made up of different spaces with completely different sizes and materials, or to achieve special effects.

## 7.2 (36) Doppler

Toggles Doppler effect handling on and off. The Doppler effect is a well-known wave propagation phenomenon where the height of a sound perceived from a listener standpoint rises when the source is accelerating, and falls when decelerating. This is the ambulance or police siren pitch going up then down when passing you by effect you are familiar with.

It will only be heard if you rapidly move the sources locations quite fast, but thanks to the virtual nature of the Spat, you can bypass Physics' laws and manually inhibit it using this switch, should it be a nuisance for the particular application you're dealing with.

## 7.3 (37) Air Absorption

Simulates the frequency-dependent absorption of air, where high frequencies roll-off quicker than low-frequencies with respect to distance. You've most probably noticed this other real-world phenomenon when you're far away from a concert venue and only able to hear the bass, and gradually start to hear the whole mix as you get closer.

## 7.4 (38) Clear Solo

Clear all solo that have been previously engaged on sources.

## 7.5 (39) Drop Mode

Owing to a fundamental law of acoustics and geometry, namely energy conservation, sound pressure drops in level as one moves away from the source. Choose "Log2" for an acoustically accurate setting, which corresponds to a "Drop" value attenuation every time the distance from the source is doubled (logarithmic behaviour), or "Linear", for a less radical drop law.

## 7.6 (40) Drop

This value determines the value of the level attenuation in dB (deciBels), according to the selected drop mode. Default is 6dB, which is the physically accurate value.

## 7.7 (41) Radius

Specifies the radius of a disk, in meters, centered around the listener's head, where the drop attenuation is not taken into account, and the sound level is kept constant with regards to distance. This is not only useful to prevent any dramatic sound level peak when placing a source too close to the listener, it also reflects real-world behaviour quite accurately, where sources do have a certain physical size, unlike point sources that are commonly used to model far-field acoustics.

This “no-drop” zone is displayed as a transparent-blue disk of matching radius on the pre-view.

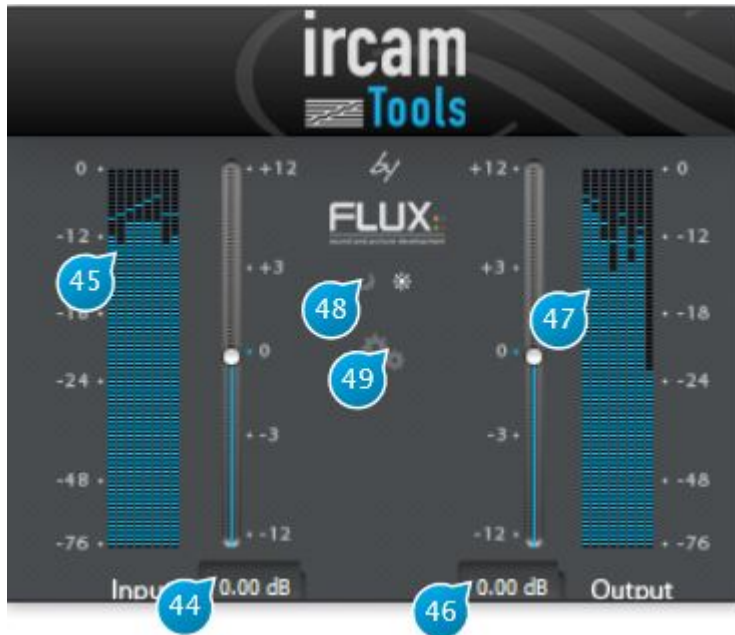
## 7.8 (42) Pan\_rev

By default, only early reflections are panned, and the cluster reflections, which form the diffuse part of the early reverberation, are panned dead center. Pan\_rev allows you to modify cluster panning, thus imparting some directionality or perceived direction to the diffuse part of the sound.

## 7.9 (43) Early Width

Controls the width of the sound projection lobe of the early reflections from a source in the virtual acoustic space, in degrees. The minimum setting, 1°, gives a very directional source, whereas 180° makes it omnidirectional.

## 8 Main Input - Output Section



### 8.1 (44) Input Gain

Adjust the level of the signal fed to the plug-in, in dB increments.

### 8.2 (45) Input level meter

Shows the current level of the input signal after applying input gain, in dB FS (deciBel Full Scale).

### **8.3 (46) Output Gain**

Used to trim the output signal and possibly avoid any overloading of the signal in the rest of the signal-chain.

### **8.4 (47) Output level meter**

Shows the current level of the input signal after applying output gain, in dB FS(decibel Full Scale).

### **8.5 (48) Day - Night**

Toggles between two interface schemes, which, as the name implies, are best suited to high or low light environments respectively. In a dimly-lit studio environment, switching to the nighttime scheme with its darker color palette and lower contrast will minimize eye-fatigue when doing long sessions.

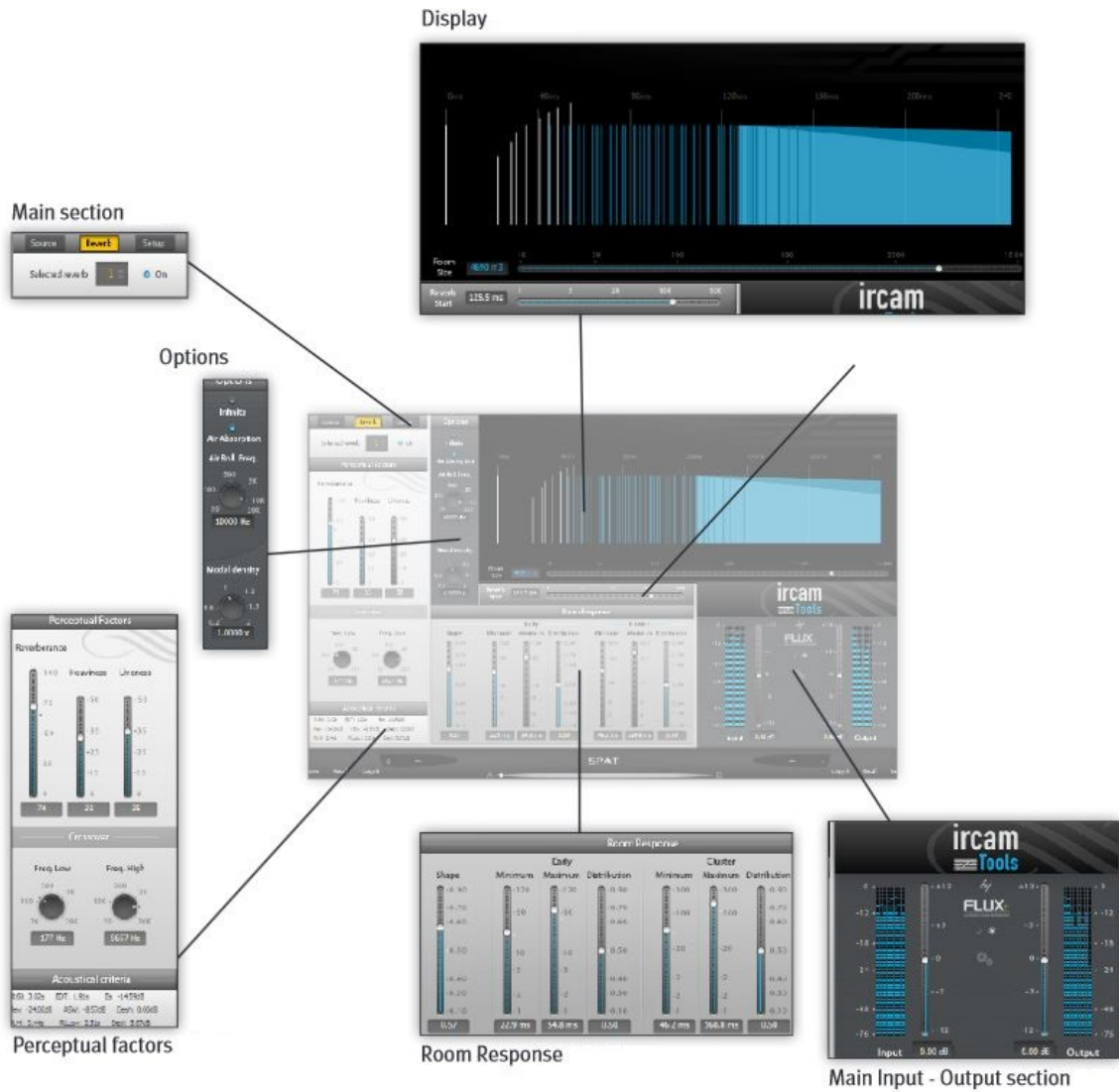
### **8.6 (49) Setting**

Gives access to a sub-menu where you can either select the I/O configuration, namely the input channel count followed by the output channel count, for hosts that support dynamic I/O configuration, or display the credits page.

The exact I/O combinations available depend on your actual audio hardware and host configuration.

# **Part II**

# **Reverb**





## 9 Main Section



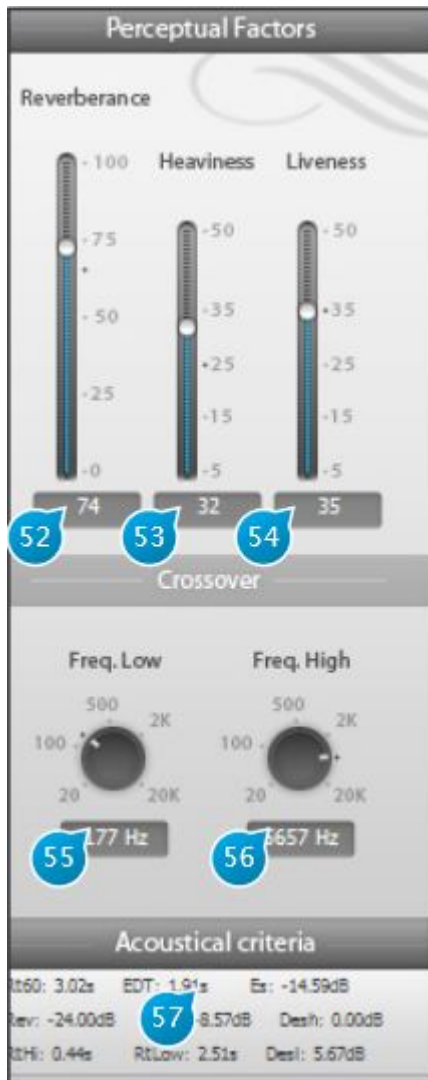
### 9.1 (50) Selected Reverb

Selects and indicates the reverb engine currently being edited. Three engines, working in parallel and independently, are available

### 9.2 (51) Reverb On

Toggles the currently selected reverb engine on or off. Use this switch at design time, to listen to one reverb in isolation.

## 10 Perceptual Factors



## **10.1 (52) Reverberance**

Reverberance affects the amount by which the listener perceives the music to be prolonged by the reverb, when the musical message suddenly stops. The effect of this setting is also obvious when the source material is of percussive nature. Reverberance is tightly related to overall decay time of the mid-frequencies, which in turn is the time taken by the late reflections to vanish into silence.

## **10.2 (53) Heaviness**

Relative decay time of low-frequency content, relative to the reverberance.

## **10.3 (54) Liveness**

Relative decay time of high-frequency content, relative to the reverberance. Describes the liveliness and movement associated with the reverb tail (late reflections).

## **10.4 (55) Freq. Low**

Sets the frequency below which decay time is determined by the Heaviness setting, expressed in Hertz(Hz).

Default value: 180 Hz

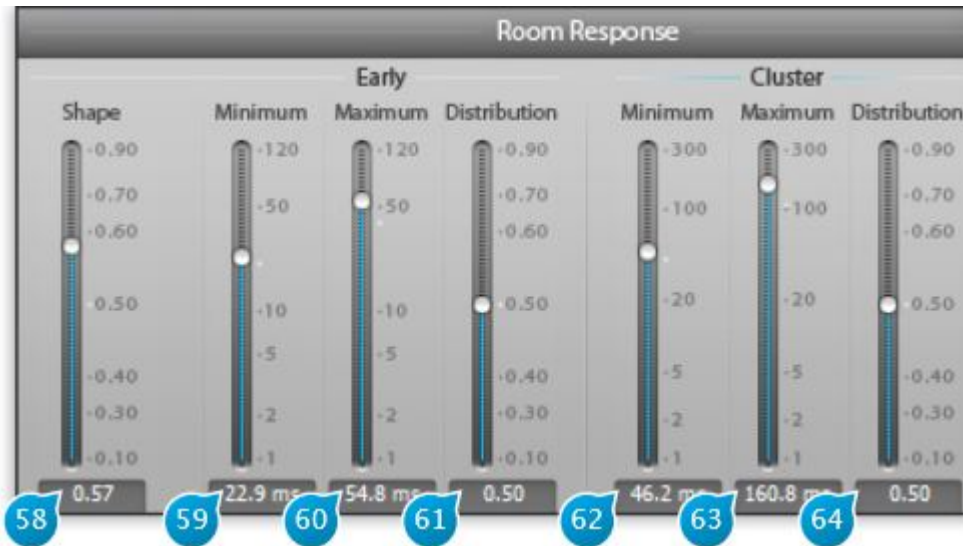
## **10.5 (56) Freq. High**

Sets the frequency above which decay time is determined by the Liveness setting, expressed in Hertz(Hz).

Default value: 5657 Hz

## **10.6 (57) Acoustical criteria**

# 11 Room Response



## 11.1 (58) Early Shape

Governs the amplitude rise or fall of early reflections. The default setting of 0.5 corresponds to early reflections all having the same level. This mimics an acoustical space where reflective surfaces are all located at roughly the same distance to the listener. Below 0.5 early reflections decay with time, above 0.5 they rise with time.

Early reflections of decreasing level would be typical of a space where most of the reflective surfaces are grouped at a range closest to the listener.

## 11.2 (59) Early Minimum

Early reflections minimum time, i.e. the time at which the early reflections start to appear, in milliseconds. This is the analogous of the ubiquitous “pre-delay” setting found on most reverberation processors. It represent the time between the direct sound and the first early reflection.

## 11.3 (60) Early Maximum

Early reflections maximum time, i.e. the time at which these cease to appear.

## 11.4 (61) Early Distribution

Early reflections distribution. Determines the way early reflections are scattered in time, inside the Early Min. / Early Max. interval. The default setting of 0.5 corresponds to regularly spaced reflections, above these are more grouped towards the Early Max. value, and vice-versa.

## 11.5 (62) Cluster Minimum

See 59, Early Min.

### Note

Please keep in mind the cluster is fed with the input of the early reflections processor section, as is shown accordingly on the display.

## 11.6 (63) Cluster Maximum

See 60, Early Max.

## 11.7 (64) Cluster Distribution

See 61, Early Distribution.

## 12 Display



### 12.1 (65) Direct signal

The grey bar at the start of the reverberation pictogram represents the direct sound send at the input of the plug-in. In the time structure of the reverberation, it is the first element that is heard.

### 12.2 (66) Early

Overall representation of the early reflections distribution. Vertical bars roughly indicate at what time locations (horizontally) and levels (bar height) these early reflections occur.

### 12.3 (67) Cluster

Overall representation of the cluster reflections distribution. Vertical bars roughly indicate at what time locations (horizontally) and levels (bar height) these early reflections occur.

## 12.4 (68) Reverb

Shows a graphical representation of the reverberation tail part of the engine. The decay curves of the high, mid and low bands, which are controlled by the decay time settings, are superimposed in different colors and can rapidly be assessed and checked.

Also see 12.

## 12.5 (69) Room Size

This is a meta-parameter that takes care of varying several other parameters in order to quickly set the equivalent size of the virtual room, adjusting early, cluster and tail reverb parameters to match the room characteristics.

## 12.6 (70) Reverb Start

Reverb start sets the duration between the direct, dry source signal, and the first late reflections, or start of the reverb tail.

### Note

Please note its value can never go below that of the cluster minimum time as the reverb tail is fed with a signal derived from the cluster section.

## 13 Options



### 13.1 (71) Infinite

When activated, decay time temporarily rises to infinity, making the signal recirculate indefinitely inside the reverberation engine. This is best suited for one-off special effects such as “deep-freezing” audio material, or if you’re looking to create something a little less conventional than a fade-out for the end of your track.

### 13.2 (72) Air Absorption

Simulates the frequency-dependent absorption of air, where high frequencies roll-off quicker than low-frequencies with respect to distance. You’ve most probably noticed this real-world



phenomenon when you're far away from a concert venue and only able to hear the bass, and gradually start to hear the whole mix as you get closer.

### **13.3 (73) Air Roll. Freq.**

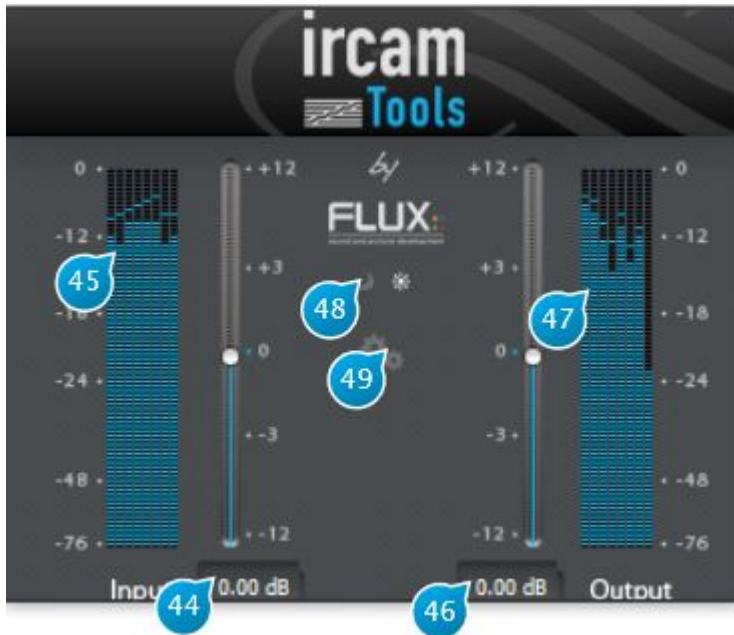
Roll-off frequency for the air absorption simulation. Signal content above this frequency vanishes faster.

### **13.4 (74) Modal Density**

Scales the modal density with respect to the current setting, which is internal to the plug-in engine, and depends on other parameters such as reverberation time, etc.

The modal density governs the frequency “smoothness” of the verb engine. Increasing this setting reduces the graininess of the reverberation. Adjust to taste, depending on the source material and desired result.

## 14 Main Input - Output Section



### 14.1 (44) Input Gain

Adjust the level of the signal fed to the plug-in, in dB increments.

### 14.2 (45) Input level meter

Shows the current level of the input signal after applying input gain, in dB FS (deciBel Full Scale).

### **14.3 (46) Output Gain**

Used to trim the output signal and possibly avoid any overloading of the signal in the rest of the signal-chain.

### **14.4 (47) Output level meter**

Shows the current level of the input signal after applying output gain, in dB FS(decibel Full Scale).

### **14.5 (48) Day - Night**

Toggles between two interface schemes, which, as the name implies, are best suited to high or low light environments respectively. In a dimly-lit studio environment, switching to the nighttime scheme with its darker color palette and lower contrast will minimize eye-fatigue when doing long sessions.

### **14.6 (49) Setting**

Gives access to a sub-menu where you can either select the I/O configuration, namely the input channel count followed by the output channel count, for hosts that support dynamic I/O configuration, or display the credits page.

The exact I/O combinations available depend on your actual audio hardware and host configuration.

## **Part III**

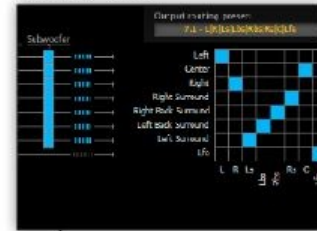
# **Setup**

## SETUP

### Setup



### Routing



### Main section

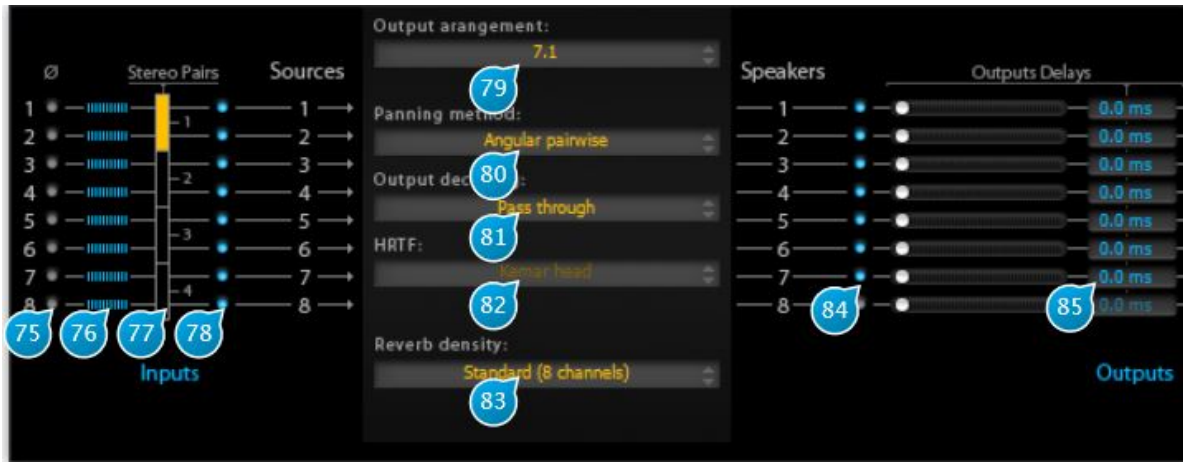


Stereo Pairs width - Subwoofer



Main Input - Output section

# 15 Setup



## 15.1 (75) Inv. Phase

This little button labelled “Ø” inverts the phase of the source, applying a 180° phase shift.

## 15.2 (76) Input level meter

Gives an indication of the signal presence and peak level for the corresponding input source.

## 15.3 (77) Stereo Pair

Enable two successive inputs to be treated as a stereo pair, displayed by a yellow vertical block overlapping the two inputs, which make it possible to adjust their width in the stereo space.

## 15.4 (78) Source On

Toggles whether the corresponding source is active or not (muted).

## 15.5 (79) Output Arrangement

Depending on the number of I/O channels you have selected in the setup menu, accessed via the cog icon between the I/O meters, this drop-down menu allows you to select the desired output arrangement amongst a choice of stereo and a variety of surround configurations, with or without a sub-woofer.

This setting is provided so you can operate the Spat on a subset of your surround channels, should your project require this.

For example, when mixing a film soundtrack, it is mandatory that the center channel, which is reserved for voice material, be left empty. The solution is to work with a so-called virtual center (equal energy in channels), disabling processing by the Spat for the physical center channel.

## 15.6 (80) Panning Method

Depending on the Output arrangement setting, choose the method to use for placement of the sources inside the audio space.

Possible choices are (some will be grayed out depending on your output configuration):

- Recursive
- Angular pairwise (default)
- Surround LRS
- Surround LRCS
- Binaural. Intended for stereo reproduction. Prefer transaural output encoding when loudspeakers are to be used.
- VBAP 2D (Vector Base Amplitude Panning).  
Allows for arbitrary placement of the speakers onto a horizontal plane.  
Refer to <http://www.acoustics.hut.fi/~ville/> for more information on this technique.
- VBAP 3D  
Same as above, but for a 3D speaker setup.
- DBAP (Distance-Based Amplitude Panning).  
Does not rely on any assumptions regarding speaker array or listener position, which is good for avoiding sweet spots.  
Refer to <http://jamoma.org/papers/icmc2009-dbap.pdf> for more information.
- B-Format 2D.  
A basic variant of Ambisonics. Amongst Ambisonics strong points are a good stability of the audio image with respect to listener position, free speaker positioning, and independence towards the reproduction system used.
- B-Format 3D
- 2nd order Ambisonic 2D
- 2nd order Ambisonic 3D

- XY. Stereo only.
- M/S (Mid/Side). Stereo only.
- A-B. Stereo only.

## 15.7 (81) Output Decoding

Spat can encode its output in the following currently supported formats

- Pass-through, i.e. no encoding (default)
- Transaural. A method to reproduce binaural audio when using loudspeakers.
- B-Format 2D. A variant of Ambisonic encoding.
- B-Format 3D
- 2nd order Ambisonic 2D
- 2nd order Ambisonic 3D
- Surround LRS
- Surround LRCS

## 15.8 (82) HRTF

When the Binaural panning method is chosen, one can select between a variety of head HRTF profiles, which stands for Head-Related Transfer Function.

In essence, a HRTF models the way a listener's head modifies an incoming sound beam, depending on its direction. One can then measure and replicate the interaction of the head of a particular listener to recreate a sensation of 3D space.

### Note

Please keep in mind this technique is only applicable to the stereo case. The default one available is the Kemar head, a standard Manikin head. Some others are available (choose the HRTF library at install time). Their numbers refers to the anonymous id of the listeners that have sampled their profile at IRCAM laboratories.

## 15.9 (83) Reverb Density

Internally, spatial variations are computed using a kind of 2D-network of reverbs, and this setting toggles between an 8x8 (standard) or 16x16 size (high). The choice of which sounds best is left up to you, as this depends on the source material at hand, although it must be emphasized that the high density consumes a little more CPU and that the color of the reverb can be altered by this setting, particularly at some extreme parameter setting combinations.



## 15.10 (84) Speaker On

Toggles the corresponding speaker output on and off, which can prove useful for checking purposes. In general it is advisable to use your DAW surround mixer capabilities instead, as these are global to your project.

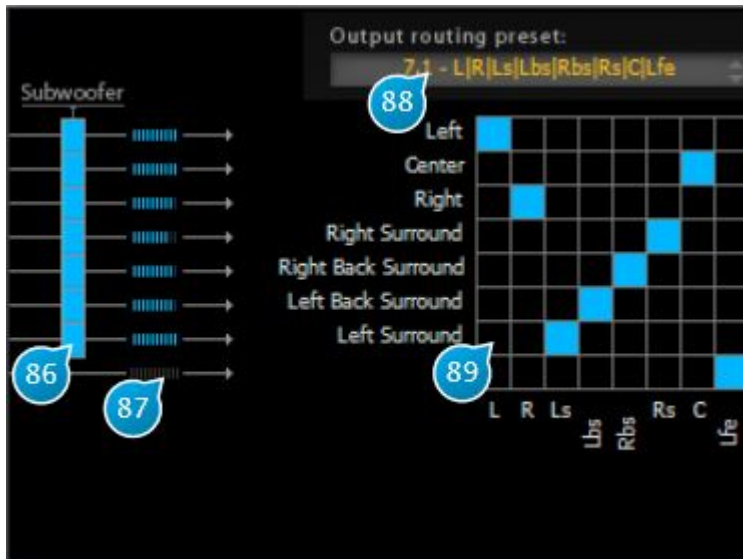
## 15.11 (85) Output Delays

An output delay, expressed in milliseconds, can be inserted just before output to the speaker, for example to compensate for a non-standard speaker arrangement.

### Note

Please note that if you move a speaker in the source view, the associated delay is automatically applied on the corresponding output according to the speaker distance.

# 16 Routing



## 16.1 (86) Subwoofer On

Activates send of a speaker output to the subwoofer bus.

## 16.2 (87) Output level meter

Output peak level meter.

## 16.3 (88) Output routing preset

Gives quick access to commonly used output mappings.

## 16.4 (89) Output routing

Here you can map any Spat speaker output to a “physical” output. The plugin always ensures there is a one-to-one correspondence between Spats internal outputs and the plugin output channels, and remaps channels automatically when necessary.

## 17 Stereo Pair Width - Subwoofer



### 17.1 (90) Stereo Pair Width

Sets the width of a stereo pair, if previously defined, in degrees.

### 17.2 (91) Subwoofer Speaker Gain

This is the send level value from each of the Spat reverb outputs having the Subwoofer checkbox ticked, expressed in dB (decibels).

### 17.3 (92) Slope

Slope of the low-pass filter section applied to the subwoofer buss, in dB per octave.

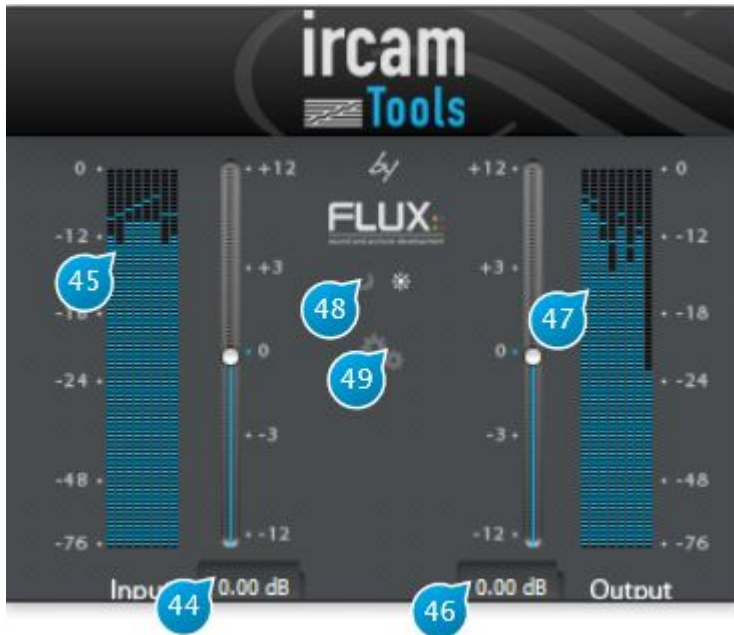
## **17.4 (93) Cut Off Frequency**

Cutoff frequency of the low-pass subwoofer section, expressed in Hz (Hertz, default 110Hz). This filter ensures only the frequencies reproducible with a subwoofer are sent to the corresponding hardware output.

## **17.5 (94) Subwoofer Global Output Gain**

Adjusts the overall gain of the subwoofer buss.

## 18 Main Input - Output Section



### 18.1 (44) Input Gain

Adjust the level of the signal fed to the plug-in, in dB increments.

### 18.2 (45) Input level meter

Shows the current level of the input signal after applying input gain, in dB FS (deciBel Full Scale).

## **18.3 (46) Output Gain**

Used to trim the output signal and possibly avoid any overloading of the signal in the rest of the signal-chain.

## **18.4 (47) Output level meter**

Shows the current level of the input signal after applying output gain, in dB FS(decibel Full Scale).

## **18.5 (48) Day - Night**

Toggles between two interface schemes, which, as the name implies, are best suited to high or low light environments respectively. In a dimly-lit studio environment, switching to the nighttime scheme with its darker color palette and lower contrast will minimize eye-fatigue when doing long sessions.

## **18.6 (49) Setting**

Gives access to a sub-menu where you can either select the I/O configuration, namely the input channel count followed by the output channel count, for hosts that support dynamic I/O configuration, or display the credits page.

The exact I/O combinations available depend on your actual audio hardware and host configuration.

## 19 Preset Section



### 19.1 (95) Save

Saves a snapshot of the current settings for future use.

Short description and assorted comments can be provided, which comes in especially handy when sharing presets with other users, when the preset is part of a large preset bank, or to identify the author and source.

Entering a descriptive keyword is a good practice to be able to quickly sort your presets, according to character, the type of space they simulate (e.g. hall, room, etc.), and the intended usage (e.g. voice, percussion, guitar, etc.)

A preset can be locked to prevent any further editing.

To re-save your preset under a new name, open the preset manager by clicking the corresponding (A/B) preset slot, then select New, enter a name for your preset, and finally press Save.

### 19.2 (96) Recall

Recall the settings from the currently selected preset, overwriting any current settings of the plug-in. The sub-menu which appears allows to recall at your choice:

- all parameters
- all parameters but setup: intended for when your particular speaker configuration is different from that of the preset's author (typically stereo)
- all parameters but setup and dry/wet mix: useful in a mix setting when comparing and choosing presets



## 19.3 (97) Copy B

Copy current settings to the second parameter slot (B). To try out a variation of the current settings without erasing the reference, press this button, switch to B and adjust your parameters of choice, then switch or morph between A and B. When copying a preset to a slot, the morphing slider will automatically fly to the corresponding slot.

## 19.4 (98) Preset Name

Displays the current preset name, if any. Clicking the associated button (up&down arrows) brings up the preset manager.

## 19.5 (99) Morphing A B

Gradually morphes parameters from A to B slots. The parameter set associated with the current morphing slider position can be saved as a preset. In addition, when the morphing slider is in an intermediary position, any edit made to a parameter switches the slider back to slot A or B, whichever is closest to the current position.

## 19.6 (100) Automation

Enabling the Automation control switch makes the morphing slider exposed and available for automation read.

When engaged, keep in mind only the morphing slider value is used for automation, and other parameter values are ignored. This behavior is intended and necessary to prevent any parameter conflicts that would otherwise occur.

As a consequence of this, you need to make sure the Automation switch is engaged when mapping the morphing slider mapped to a control surface hardware knob or slider. On the opposite, when not engaged, the plug-in will listen for any parameter automation, except the morphing slider.

# 20 Preset Management

## 20.1 From the Plug-in interface

### 20.1.1 A-B Sections

A plug-in features two preset sections : A & B. Clicking on the slot of a specific section reaches the shared preset bank. From the preset management window you can select the preset you want to recall in the specific preset section.

### 20.1.2 Save

Save replaces the selected preset by a new one under the same name featuring the current settings. If you want to keep an existing preset without your new modifications, just select an empty place into the preset list, enter a new name for this modified preset featuring the current settings and press Save.

### 20.1.3 Recall

Once a preset is selected from the preset list it must be explicitly loaded into the section A or the section B by using the recall button. A preset is effective only after it has been recalled. Double-clicking on the preset name from the list, reloads the preset into the selected slot.

### 20.1.4 AB Slider

This horizontal slider has no unity nor specific value display. It allows to morph current settings between two loaded presets. A double-click on one side of the slider area toggles between full A and full B settings. The results of an in between setting can be save as a new preset.

## 20.2 From the Preset Management Window

The Preset Management Window features three preset banks:

- The Factory bank gathers presets that can't be edited by users.
- The User bank is dedicated to the users presets.
- The Global bank features presets for A, B and morphing sections. A single global preset includes A and B section content and the morphing slider position.

A Preset can directly be recalled into the preset section selected by the morphing slider position, by double-clicking on its name on the list. The preset lists can be filtered. This filter is applied to any preset information such as name, description, author, comments or key words.



### 20.2.1 Recall A

recalls the selected preset into the corresponding section.

### 20.2.2 Recall B

recalls the selected preset into the corresponding section.

### **20.2.3 Copy A and Copy B**

buttons allow to easily create a variation around a preset.

### **20.2.4 Update**

allows to save the current settings for the selected preset.

### **20.2.5 New**

creates a new preset in the list.

### **20.2.6 Duplicate**

creates a new preset in the list from the selected one.

### **20.2.7 Edit**

gives access to the specific windows which allows to change preset name, description, key words.....

### **20.2.8 Delete**

suppresses the selected preset.

### **20.2.9 Export**

creates a file reflecting the content of the preset bank.

### **20.2.10 Import**

adds existing presets into the preset bank.

### 20.2.11 Ordering arrows

orders the presets into the list.



Please Provide Preset Informations

Name  
My Old Compressor

Description  
4 ratio

Comment  
Bass

Keyword  
Electric bass, Kick

☒ Locked

Ok Cancel

The preset protection if engaged, allows only its original modification author to uncheck and edit. So you can protect your presets in a multi-user configuration. Protected presets can only be modified using the session of their creator. If used in another user session they can only be imported or deleted.

# 21 Credits

## Software development

### Project Manager and Designer:

Gaël Martinet

### Application Development:

Gaël Martinet, Alexis Gentil, Bastien Prevosto, Anthony Belard, Maxence Grandidier, Siegfried Hand and Antoine Lorence.

### FLUX:: DSP Design and Development:

Gaël Martinet, Maxence Grandidier and Lorcan Mc Donagh

### Graphic design:

Nicolas Philippot

### FLUX:: Framework development:

Gaël Martinet, Florie-Anne Lafaye, Alexis Gentil, Lorcan Mc Donagh, Bastien Prevosto, Anthony Belard, Siegfried Hand and Antoine Lorence

**Additional contributions:** Vincent Carlier, Jean-Loup Pecquais, Nicolas Erard, Jean Cruypenynck, Pablo Arias, Samuel Tracol

### FLUX:: Framework graphic engine:

Emmanuel Julien (GS lib) and Gaël Martinet

**And**

thanks to all fantastic testers...

### **FLUX:: Special Thanks to:**

Alain, Yves, Bruno and Claude for helping to shape our minds over the years.

### **FLUX::**

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### **Additional libs**

- GS lib Emmanuel Julien, Gael Martinet (Copyright 2013 Emmanuel Julien)
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- unqlite - Copyright (c) 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019 Symisc Systems, S.U.A.R.L [M.I.A.G + Mrad Chems Eddine [chm@symisc.net](mailto:chm@symisc.net)].

## Open source libraries

### RTTrPM SDK (Blacktraxx)

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### ThorVG (replaces crossed-out libraries above) - MIT

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## **bzip2 - Modified zlib**

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## **pfft**

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# A Release Notes

## A.1 Build 24.07.0.50393 - All plugins

### A.1.1 New Features

- VST3 automation state on UI

### A.1.2 Improvements

- EVO EQ - Dark mode update

### A.1.3 Bugs

- All plugins - VST3 - GUI freeze when reloading a session in Studio One
- All plugins - VST3 - Wrong parameters frequencies when reloading session at 44.1KHz
- All plugins - crash when loading a StudioOne session
- All plugins AAX - Crash protocols when using the protocols plugin preset manager on Windows
- EVO Channel/Touch and BS Pro - Presets have to be loaded twice to apply the filter values from the Touch section properly
- Elixir - Latency not properly compensated after changing stage parameters value in VST and AudioUnit
- Elixir - VST - May crash or bypass the audio when reloading a previous session in Nuendo
- Evo Channel - GUI issues on Geek panel
- Evo Channel/Evo EQ - Bad init on the lowpass filter cut off frequency
- HEar - Failed to load HRTF message in Logic until audio playback
- Verb and VerbSession - VST3 - Freeze during Steinberg TestHost on Windows

### A.1.4 Known Issues

#### Important

- All plugins - AU - Crash in Logic 10.5 on MacOS Mojave

- All plugins - AU - Sidechain not available
- All plugins - VST versions - GUI issue in Izotope Ozone and Davinci Resolve
- Elixir - VST3 - Elixir is not available as 32 channels (24 max) in Reaper
- HEar - AU - Crashes Ableton
- HEar - Do not work properly with Ambisonic streams
- Trax - Ran out of CPU error and playback issue in Protools
- Verb - AAX - Moving any temporal parameter mute audio and generate noisy artefacts
- Verb - HOA 3rd order not working properly

### Host Specific

- All plugins - VST2 - GUI cropped in TwistedWave
- All plugins - VST3 - Do not process the audio in TwistedWave
- EVO EQ - AAX-DSP - Not listed in DSP plugins list
- EVO Series - AAX DSP - No metering
- Evo Channel/Evo EQ - AudioUnit - LPF cut off frequency badly initialized when samplerate is 2FS or more
- StereoTool - AAX DSP - No metering

## A.2 Build 24.06.0.50386 - All plugins

### A.2.1 Improvements

- All plugins - Preset manager filter options updated
- All plugins - Preset recall button improved
- All plugins - Preset save button improved

### A.2.2 Bugs

- AAX - Preset manager - Default preset is not applied to parameters at plugin instantiation
- All plugins - AAX bad GUI recall with user scale x2 and display scale x2
- All plugins - AU - auval real time safety checks
- All plugins - All parameters are reset when reloading a session when using presets
- All plugins - GUI issue on Windows
- All plugins - GUI issue with Retina in FLStudio
- All plugins - Mouse wheel not working anymore on knobs
- All plugins - Parameters are reset when deactivating/reactivating the plugin in Protools
- All plugins - Parameters are reset when loading a session if a preset is used
- All plugins - Preset manager font issues
- All plugins - VST3 - Keys not working in Pyramix

- All plugins - VST3 - Meters not working in Adobe premiere Pro, Adobe audition, Isotope RX10 and Waves Studio Rack
- All plugins - VST3 - preset name back reset to default when loading a session
- All plugins - VST3 - Can't edit values using keyboard on Windows
- All plugins - mouse wheel + shift key increase controls value when scroll down
- All plugins - AAX - Crash protocols when using the protocols plugin preset manager on Windows
- All plugins - VST3 - crash plugin scan when OSC enabled in prefs
- EVO Channel - Dark mode display issue when closing/opening the plugin
- EVO Channel - custom preset does not load some parameters
- EVO In - Phase shift amount automation line display issue in Logic
- EVO Series - Display issues on some parameters values
- EVO Series - Missing controls text
- EVO Series - Save button from preset manager not working
- EVO Series - save/recall/copy A & B preset buttons from main window not working
- EVO Series - wrong RMS reference value initialisation
- Elixir 1-Stage - GUI broken
- EvoEq - very low noise generated when offline rendering (32bit FP)
- HEar - AudioUnit - Crashes validation in Logic
- Preset Manager - Refresh missing - Preset name still displayed as current preset after being deleted.
- Solera - VST3 on Windows - DExp tab selected as default
- StereoTool - Correlation phase meter is wrong when quality setting set at 60fps
- StudioSession Plugins - May fail to scan in logic
- StudioSession Plugins - loads without the limitations
- Trax - VST3 - Learn feature not working
- VST3 - Some plugins are blacklisted in Cubase 13 on Windows
- VST3 - Conformity report
- VST3 - Display quality (15/30/60Hz) always reverts to initialized value
- VST3 - Verb & VerbSession - Crash in VST3 test host unit test
- VST3 - presets slots values are not correctly recalled when a session is saved after using morphing
- Verb - AAX - Matrix not reloaded on atmos 9.1.4 tracks
- Verb - Does not load the saved multichannel layout
- Verb - Multichannel layout not automatically set in Logic
- Verb - When in High Density, the dry signal is output
- Verb Session - AAX - GUI issue in HiDPI on Windows

### **A.2.3 Known Issues**

#### **Important**

- All plugins - AU - Crash in Logic 10.5 on MacOS Mojave
- All plugins - VST2 - GUI cropped in TwistedWave
- All plugins - VST3 - Do not process the audio in TwistedWave
- All plugins VST versions- GUI issue in Izotope Ozone and Davinci Resolve
- Elixir - Latency not properly compensated after changing stage parameters value in VST and AudioUnit
- Elixir - Reaper - VST3 - Elixir is not available as 32 channels (24 max)
- Evo Channel/Evo EQ - All formats -Bad init on the lowpass filter cut off frequency
- HEar - AU - Crashes Ableton
- HEar - Do not work properly with Ambisonic streams
- HEar - Failed to load HRTF message in Logic until audio playback
- Trax - Ran out of CPU error and playback issue in Protocols
- Verb - AAX - Moving any temporal parameter mute audio and generate noisy artefacts
- Verb - HOA 3rd order not working properly

## **A.3 Build 23.07.50310 - All plugins**

### **A.3.1 New features**

- Support Pro Tools new track formats

### **A.3.2 Bugs fixes**

- All plugins - Nuendo - VST3 - crash when stereo plugins are instantiated on multichannel tracks (StereoTools, ...)
- All plugins - Pace protected plugins fail to scan on Da Vinci Resolve mac
- All plugins - Popups wrong metrics when changing screen
- All plugins - Presets not imported
- All plugins - VST3 - Nuendo - WIN (UHD360) - Wrong window size init
- All plugins - VST3 - WIN (UHD630) - REAPER - GUI refresh issue when in single window mode
- All plugins - GUI issue with AMD graphics on windows - flickering issue
- All plugins - AU - Plugins parameters are reset when bouncing in Reaper
- All plugins - VST2 - no multichannel with the plugins 23.X in Reaper
- All plugins - VST - Resizing the GUI does not update the floating window size in Nuendo on Windows with UHD630 graphics
- Bittersweet - VST3 - crashes on Pyramix on instantiation
- StereoTool / EVO Channel - VST3 - No goniometer / analyzer in Wavelab
- Elixir - Not available as 32 channels in Reaper
- EVO series - AAX - Dark Mode wrong GUI init

- EVO series - remove unused and duplicated presets
- EVO Channel - VST3 - spectrum smoothing slider crashes Studio one
- EVO Channel / EVO Eq - VST3 - Analyzer not working in Ableton Live
- EVO Channel / EVO Eq - scale eq control always reload on auto mode
- EVO Eq - weird release on meter
- EVO In - GUI refresh issue when toggling night/day mode
- EVO Touch - Zero Crossing Threshold label missing in the geek panel
- EVO Touch - frequency band selector does not always recall the good settings on session reload
- EVO Touch/ EVO Channel - Frequency range slider is hard to handle
- Pure Serie - VST3 - Attack value max 80ms
- Pure Comp - Crash when loading “Bass guitar” preset
- Pure Limiter - VST3 - advanced mode does not turn on advanced settings
- StereoTool - VST3 - vector scope not working in Ableton Live on Windows
- StereoTool - Not working in Final Cut Pro
- TRAX - Crash using oversampling with sessions set at 2FS or higher
- TRAX Tr - not usable in Protools anymore (build 50123)

### **A.3.3 Known issues**

- All plugins - VST - GUI issue in Izotope Ozone and RX
- All plugins - AAX - Preset manager - Default preset is not applied to parameters at plugin instantiation
- Elixir - Latency not properly compensated after changing stage parameters value in VST and AudioUnit
- TRAX tr - Learn function returning wrong values
- VerbV3 - HOA 3rd order not working properly

## **A.4 Build 23.1.0.50251 - All plugins**

### **A.4.1 New features**

- New plugins Evo Compressor, Evo Touch and Evo EQ.
- VST3 support
- ARM support for AAX, AU and VST3
- Plugins are now resizable
- Elixir now supports 32 channels
- Alchemist, BitterSweet, Epure, Pure Compressor, Pure DCompressor, Pure Expander, Pure DExpander, PureLimiter, Solera, Syrah now support 16 channels

### A.4.2 Bugs fixes

- All plugins - Preset Manager - Update user preset do not work
- All plugins - Preset manager - Crash or freeze when saving a preset
- All plugins - UI may be black on Intel UHD 630 graphical cards
- All plugins - AU/VST3 - Preset manager - Default preset is not applied to parameters at plugin instantiation
- All plugins - AAX - Crash with OSC when changing fx slot in Pro Tools
- All plugins - AU - Logic Pro - Automation of boolean/integer parameters broken
- All plugins - AU - Plugins crash in Da Vinci Resolve
- All plugins - DaVinci Resolve - VST - UI is truncated
- All plugins - Streamlabs - Plugins do not work
- All plugins - Licensing issue in DaVinci Resolve and GarageBand
- Alchemist - The range parameter works only for the 1st band
- BitterSweet - Not possible to tweak the Output gain after unlinking it
- BitterSweet - Output gain not reloaded properly when the link is disabled
- BSPro - some modes are not accessible due to GUI issue
- Epure - macOS - Bad graphic scale initialization at 2&4FS
- Evo Channel - Meter reference is not saved
- Syrah - Crash when selecting preset “Static fast compression”
- TRAX Tr - When the link is activated, the Formant slider does not have the expected audio effect
- TRAX Tr - ProTools - Issue in AudioStudio when the modulation is enabled
- VerbSession/VerbSession Studio Session and BSPro StudioSession - Pyramix - VST crash when instantiated
- Verb/Verb Studio Session - Crash when reloading session having 2 instances

### A.4.3 Known issues

- All plugins - VST - GUI issue in Izotope Ozone and RX
- All plugins - AAX - Preset manager - Default preset is not applied to parameters at plugin instantiation
- Elixir - Latency not properly compensated after changing stage parameters value in VST and AudioUnit
- TRAX tr - Learn function returning wrong values
- VerbV3 - HOA 3rd order not working properly

## A.5 Build 21.12.0.50123 - All plugins except TRAX and StudioSession

### Bug fixes

- All plugins AudioUnit - GUI issue with Hdpi displays on macOS Monterey
- All plugins VST - Plugin scan freeze in Wavelab 11 on Mac M1 machines
- All plugins VST - Crash in Adobe Audition on macOS
- All plugins VST macOS - Fix crashes with Ableton live
- Elixir - Automation is not read for toggle parameters.
- Elixir - Crash when clicking on the settings button on Session version
- Elixir - Several fixes on the UI
- Elixir - Windows AAX - Refresh issue with two instances in ProTools
- HEar - Bypass is working in AAX
- HEar AAX - Crash when doing offline bounce on macOS
- HEar AAX - Crash when editing the matrix on macOS
- HEar AAX - Stereo - Change on Matrix are not applied until we change the preset
- HEar AudioUnit - Ableton crashes when inserting a second instance

## A.6 Build 21.11.0.50107 (HEar, IRCAM Verb)

NOTE: CURRENTLY NOT COMPLIANT WITH ABLETON LIVE MACOS

### Improvement

- HEar - 5.1.4 & 5.0.4 now available

### Bug fixes

- HEar - Fix meters refresh issue
- HEar - No verb on some presets
- HEar - Protools crashes when doing offline bounce on macOS

## A.7 FLUX:: Immersive - Plugins (including IRCAM Tools) 21.09

This release includes updates for all FLUX::Immersive plugin processing products with the exception of EVO Channel, Epure, IRCAM Trax, Studio Session.

NOTE: CURRENTLY NOT COMPLIANT WITH ABLETON LIVE MACOS

### Major optimizations

- Apple computers Big Sur (new M1 chips) AU validation
- Important updates to the Ircam Verb + Session
- Overall better handling of multichannel track setups such for Atmos. (Ircam Hear, Verb and more)
- Automatic detection of track format / channel order for DAWs when possible.

### A.7.1 Build 21.9.0.50083

#### Bug fixes

- Apple computers Big Sur (new M1 chips) AU validation failing
- Empty GUI when close/reopen plugin - Windows 10 - UHD630 graphics
- AudioUnit in Reaper - do not process audio when offline bounce
- Default preset not loaded correctly on instantiation of Verb + Verb Session
- Evo.Channel on Retina - Input and Output Sliders badly scaled
- Incompatible AudioUnit issue in Apple Final Cut Pro
- Plugins: Recall Preset Flags (e.g. “All but setup”) recall always everything
- Preset Manager - UI issue with small plugins when a preset has been created
- Ircam Verb Session reload in VST with audio interruption



- VST Plugins Session not correctly reloaded if it integrate an IO configuration change
- Verb session - Dry/wet not applied in offline render
- Verb v3 Atmos crash on AAX
- Verb: AU validation failed on Apple M1
- Verb: LFE not disabled by default on ProTools
- Verb: Recall Preset may be not correct with double click inside the preset manager
- Verb: disabled channel is not re-injected according to dry/wet parameter (100 % wet means muted)
- Verb: init issue with Nuendo
- AAX - Some plugins - Crash on Mac / No GUI on Windows
- Overall reliability / stability fixes.
- Plugin size not correct
- Potential plugins crash when opening UI

## A.8 FLUX:: Immersive - Plugins (including IRCAM Tools) 20.12

This major release includes updates for all **FLUX::Immersive** products with the exception of IRCAM Spat V3 legacy product. Please refer to Spat V3 - Spat Revolution crossgrade options.

### Major optimizations

- HiDPI / Retina support + display enhancements and fixes
- Page Table unification for **Avid Control**, S1, S3, S4, S6 and S6L.
- OSC Control for plugins.
- **IRCAM Verb** support for Dolby Atmos, Multichannel support up to 16 channels
- **IRCAM Hear** - Multichannel stability improvement, Now up to 10 channels. (Dolby Atmos 7.1.2)
- **IRCAM Tools** - Audio I/O Matrix and Multichannel enhancement
- Most plugins support of 8 channel.
- 16 channel support for **Bittersweet Pro**, **Evo In** and **Evo Channel**

### A.8.1 Build 20.12.0.49880

#### Bug fixes

Core:

- BPro - Latency report issue (AAX)
- IRCAM TRAX Tr - Latency report issue
- IRCAM Verb - Wrong initialization value for Reverb density
- IRCAM Verb -Dry signal still goes out in disabled channels when wet is 100%

- All Pure Dynamics PI + Alchemist - Wrong Thresholds initialization values
- AAX “monolithic” are broken like Hear, TRAX etc...
- Almost all AAX plugins don’t reload parameters from 47856 version session.
- Pure Limiter - Diff feature bypassed the input gain.
- Pure Limiter - Inverted sidechain filters.
- Any plugin except Evo Channel - Research Presets resets when click on a preset.
- Evo channel - Wrong values when reloading touch section.

UI:

- Current preset name disappear on re-opening GUI or session

## A.9 Known Issues

- Wavelab “Sample rate not supported” when a plugin is inserted on a clip, track or output section.
- TRAX Tr - Learn frequencies display wrong values (AAX only).
- Hear - Internal config labels change when modify LFE input config from routing matrix.
- When using OSC on a plugin in Pro Tools, a crash will occur if you change/move FX insert slots